

GERMANY ALARMED BY SITUATION IN CHINA

Believes it Dangerous to Peace
of the World.

RUSSIA'S HOSTILE TONE

PROTESTS FROM OTHER POWERS
ARE NOW USELESS.

Berlin, March 2.—The latest phase of the China agitation, the projected commercial treaties, including the extraordinarily hostile tone of the Russian inspired press on the subject, the Russo-American tariff dispute and the Anglo-German relations held public attention this week. A considerable portion of the German press strongly disapproves of Germany's protesting against the Russian annexation of Manchuria, claiming that Germany has no interests there, and that she is pledged to Russia not to interfere with anything Russia chooses to do. The jingo and agrarian papers are particularly outspoken in this respect.

The Deutsche Tageszeitung today says that Count von Buelow's proceeding on the subject is illogical and stupid, and amounts to hauling chestnuts out of the fire for Great Britain. The more sober portion of the press deplores this new trouble, which creates diplomatic antagonisms likely to split the whole entente of the powers. The National Zeitung believes this newest phase of the China situation to be the most dangerous for the peace of the world that has come about since the beginning of the Chinese troubles.

The Vorwaerts today reviews Germany's Chinese policy since the China-Japanese war, and declares it to be one unbroken chain of blunders. The paper adds:

Russia's Insolence.
"If the triumvirate of Great Britain, Germany and Japan had stood their ground from the first, it would have been able to check Russia's land-grabbing insolence, but now it is too late. Russia has what she wanted, and is sure of China's ratification. Protests from the other powers are now useless."

Agitation over the new tariff and the new commercial treaties is as lively as ever. The agrarian demands, arising from growing with the indifference of Count von Buelow and the Bundesrath, seem now to have become more modest since the Russian papers, at the instigation of M. de Witte, minister of finance, came out with the series of articles against Germany's proposed large increase of agricultural duties, and threatening severe reprisals against the importation of German industrial products.

Some of the most important German papers have this week printed St. Petersburg correspondence explaining that since Russian industry, in spite of its elaborate pampering by Minister De Witte, is now plainly shown to be a total failure, Russia is all the more constrained to retain these countries to which she can export her agricultural products hence M. de Witte's fierce attack on Count von Buelow.

An inspired Russian article printed this week in which it is plainly set forth that if Germany persists in shutting out Russian products Russia will retaliate, not only economically, but also politically. A public address this week by Dr. von Siemens, a member of the Reichstag, has also created a sensation. Dr. von Siemens said that if the new treaties are not constituted, Germany will enter upon a period of unparalleled distress; that emigration of from 7,000,000 to 10,000,000 must be expected, and that Germany would sink back into the shadows of provincial existence.

Relations With England.
Anglo-German relations are slowly improving. A number of the more serious newspapers confess the folly of repelling Great Britain's advances. The authorized news that the alleged disfiguring of the emperor's picture by his British regiment (the First Royal Dragoon) in January, 1896, is a myth, has done its share to allay German rancor against the Britons.

The largest portion of this week's reichstag sitting was taken up by a debate on dueling, in which Centrist editors were especially forcible in their arguments. They did not even hesitate to attack the emperor for encouraging dueling by regularly pardoning duellists after a short and mild confinement. The Vorwaerts today publishes another list of such recent pardons. General von Ossiander, the air minister, weekly and unofficially defended dueling as a custom, but was not able to disprove the powerful arraignment of facts and reasons by the centrists.

The resolution of the budget committee of the reichstag in favor of the establishment of a governmental armor plate works was made after the committee's inquiry of Admiral von Tirpitz, secretary of the admiralty, had shown that the empire might have to pay 64,500,000 marks more than reasonable profit to the German manufacturers on the armored vessels building today under the present naval increase law.

A circular of inquiry issued by a newspaper called the Arbeitsmarkt, shows that there are over 86,000 metal workers in the Rhineland who are without employment or working on half time.

The emperor will reach Wilhelmshaven Monday to administer the oath to the marine recruits.

Rumor of White's Retirement.

The unauthentic news published in the German papers to the effect that United States Ambassador White will retire, has brought forth strong disapproval from the American residents in different parts of Germany. Petitions are spoken of, asking President McKinley to retain Mr. White. The Americans point out that Mr. White is persona grata with the court and in diplomatic circles. It is related by Americans who have recently returned here from St. Petersburg that in high circles of the Russian capital the rumor that Russia will approach the discussion of the tariff difficulty in the friendliest spirit towards the United States and the belief that the matter may be amicably settled is emphasized in St. Petersburg. American exports to Russia are much heavier than United States statistics show, as heavy shipments come to Russia by way of England and Germany.

A large German dealer and importer of dental instruments showed the representative of the Associated Press a letter from his St. Petersburg agent instructing him to accompany the shipments of non-American goods with a certificate of their origin in order to avoid the payment of extra duty.

The Handsomest Woman in Salt Lake City
cannot preserve her beauty, except she keeps her bowels and digestive organs in a healthy condition. Laxative moves the bowels every day, and cures indigestion. It purifies the blood, clears up the complexion, and gives you a good appetite. Price, 25c. and 50c. a package. For sale by Godbe-Pitts Drug company, Salt Lake City, Utah.

BELIEVES THERE IS CHANCE FOR SILVER

Influx of Gold Will Send the
Price Down.

THEN A NEW STANDARD

PROF. SHALER THINKS THIS
WILL BE THE WHITE METAL.

Cambridge, Mass., March 2.—"If the price of gold goes down, another metal will be looked for as a token of international value. I think this metal will be silver, because silver is not found in alluvial plains and because, owing to the difficulty in mining, it will never change in value."

This statement was made by Professor N. S. Shaler, Harvard's geologist, in a lecture to 600 students in Sanders' theatre. He predicted that within the next thirty years there would be an influx of gold such as the world has never known. Professor Shaler bases his statement on geological conditions, combined with recent improvements in mining apparatus. He said in part:

"Within the past few years men have come to realize that a large portion of the earth's surface is charged with gold. Gold is indissoluble, and when gravel banks are cut away it is not easily carried off by streams to the sea, as is the case with other metals. Instead, it is carried along, broken up into finer and finer fragments and gradually deposited over alluvial plains."

The new systems of mining which have recently been discovered will have produced an almost intolerable supply of gold. I cannot say definitely what the increase will be, but I should think at the least that the present supply will be increased tenfold by the end of the century. I have estimated that the amount of gold to be won from gravel within the next hundred years will be worth \$30,000,000,000.

Mining Made Easy.

"Up to the present time men have been greatly handicapped in searching for gold by the fact that it was scattered so thinly through the earth. They have been able to find only a few grains of gold in a ton of earth, and the expense of dredging has always been so great that they have been unable to extract it with profit."

However, the machinery of the dredgers has been greatly improved. Within the past three years dredges have been operated in Russia and in the United States. In Leadville, Colo., which have proved beyond question that alluvial soil can be profitably worked for gold.

"In the United States there are from 6,000 to 8,000 square miles which will give miners employment and which can be accurately depended upon for producing gold. Similar areas in Russia, India, Africa and Australia will flood the market, and if the value of gold remains the same quantity will increase ten-fold by the middle of the century."

"The production may be limited, however, by a simultaneous rise in the price of labor and by the fact that the mines in South Africa and in other places where the solid rock will be worked cannot be operated by reason of the increased expense. Still, there will be a vast influx, and what its effect will be cannot be estimated. It may play havoc with commerce, but to my mind it is more likely to bring about the long looked for golden age of peace, prosperity and hope."

ADMIRAL SAMPSON TO PUBLISH MEMOIRS

New York, March 2.—According to a special to the Press from Boston it has been ascertained that the admiral's navy yard that Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson is at work upon a volume of memoirs. Admiral Sampson is non-committal in the matter. His friends are divided.

The Schley-Sampson controversy, it is said, is what first suggested the plan to the admiral. As an officer in the navy he feels that his lips are sealed as to his official acts against comment upon his memoirs. His personal reminiscences will enter into the work, but the memoirs will be founded upon his naval career and will present the official correspondence which he had with the navy department and men of prominence outside it.

It will comprise a history of the Spanish war from the admiral's viewpoint. It is not known how long he will be at this work or whether the papers will be published during his life or not.

IN MALE ATTIRE FOR FORTY YEARS

London, March 2.—A remarkable story of male impersonation was revealed in a police court here today in connection with an arrest for alleged money frauds. The prisoner, named Catherine Coombs, aged 66, described as a house decorator, appeared in the dock in male attire.

For forty years Catherine impersonated a man and worked on board Peninsular and Oriental steamers in various capacities, and also for London firms. She says she was married at 15, taught school and then thought there were better chances of advancement as a man. Eventually she married a lady's maid, with whom she lived for fourteen years.

LONG MAKES A BREAK.

Secretary's Love for Sampson Overrides His Judgment.

Washington, March 2.—In view of the attention which has been attracted to the proceedings at Annapolis yesterday, a statement was solicited at the department touching the reference in Secretary Long's speech to the naval commanders at Manila and Santiago.

It is stated that the secretary, seeking to stimulate the ambition of the young cadets, referred to the great victory at Santiago under the command of Sampson. He then, perceiving upon the stand and seated near him, three of the war captains, pointing toward them and named Cook, Evans and Wainwright as men who had by their achievements added lustre to the bright history of the American navy and as worthy of emulation by the cadets. There was no intention to connect directly and in one class Dewey, Sampson and Cook.

New Hotel for San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 2.—The call says that the executors of the estate of the late Colonel Charles F. Crocker have decided to erect a \$1,000,000 hotel on the old Calvary church site, corner of Powell and Grady streets, in this city. Plans for the structure have been drawn, but the building, which, it is said, will equal the auditorium of Chicago, will not be completed for two years.

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure.

SPINER'S FRIENDS LAY PLANS FOR 1904

Wisconsin Senator May Be in
Presidential Race.

WOULD BE STRONG MAN

ADMINISTRATION WOULD SUPPORT HIM.

(Special Correspondence.)

Washington, Feb. 24.—It is stated on what appears to be excellent authority here that Senator Spooner of Wisconsin may prove an aggressive competitor for the Republican presidential nomination of 1904. The fact that Senator Spooner may be a candidate also comes from excellent sources in Wisconsin. In the event that the Wisconsin senator will permit the use of his name at the next national Republican convention, it will not be an easy matter for either Vice President-elect Roosevelt or Senator Fairbanks to capture this honor.

Today Senator Spooner is regarded by his colleagues in the senate as a very able man, and by the people at large, who have watched his course while in the senate, he is considered wise and conservative in dealing with all important questions which come up in the upper house of the national congress. Wisconsin has been anxious in the past to have one of her favorite sons put upon the Republican presidential ticket. In recent years no man has gained more prominence in national affairs than has the senior senator from that state. He is particularly strong in the northwest, and, if he should be a candidate, might draw some of the support from Colonel Roosevelt in the eastern states, and gather in a few delegates from the middle west, where Senator Fairbanks is supposed to have a big following. Should Wisconsin present the name of Senator Spooner at the next national Republican convention, it is more than probable that Michigan, and perhaps Minnesota, would also back the Wisconsin statesman's standard.

Between Roosevelt and Spooner.

As a matter of fact, Republican politicians in Washington at this time believe that if Senator Spooner permits the use of his name, the contest will narrow down between Roosevelt and Spooner, and very few of them care to predict which of these two distinguished gentlemen will win.

From a geographical standpoint, Senator Spooner's location may perhaps be considered against him. Wisconsin is usually Republican by a heavy majority—in presidential years, at least—while, on the other hand, New York and Indiana are classed as doubtful states. This fact, however, may not be taken into consideration when the delegates vote for their standard bearer at the next national convention.

It is a question, too, whether or not Mr. Spooner is sufficiently popular by President McKinley, may not have the administration's support if he decided to become a candidate, against Roosevelt and Fairbanks. The understanding has been that what influence the administration may wield will be directed toward the next convention in favor of the nomination of the Indiana senator. If President McKinley and Senator Hanna, backed up, perhaps, by Senator Platt of New York, find that Senator Fairbanks is not able to beat Roosevelt for the nomination, they would look for a possible chance of wresting the presidential nomination from Colonel Roosevelt.

In any event, politicians in Washington say that while Colonel Roosevelt probably will not win more enthusiasm in a campaign than would Senator Spooner, they admit that the latter's choice for the nomination for president would not be considered an unwise move upon the part of the men who will be delegated to nominate the next Republican presidential ticket.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

MUTINY IS QUELLED.

Drunken Soldiers Cause Trouble En Route to San Francisco.

Chicago, March 2.—A special to the Tribune from Ennis, Tex., says: "The mutiny among the recruits who are en route to the Philippines has been quelled. The volunteers left for San Antonio last evening under guard of regulars from Fort Sam Houston. The car was surrounded by armed guards were placed on the platforms."

The trouble was caused by some men who were intoxicated. It is said several were badly hurt before they were subdued. The recruits arrived here on Wednesday night. They were given their liberty for a few hours, while in their transportation was being arranged. While enjoying themselves several drank too much liquor and became unmanageable. The officer in charge attempted to use his authority, but most of the recruits refused to obey and fell to fighting among themselves.

Assistance from the local authorities was secured and the more obstreperous of the soldiers were put under guard. The authorities at Washington were notified, as well as department headquarters at San Antonio, and the latter was asked to dispatch troops.

GRATEFUL TO DEMOCRATS.

Senator Mitchell of Oregon Talks of His Election.

Portland, Ore., March 2.—Senator-elect J. H. Mitchell, who left for Washington, D. C., today, was given a reception last night at the Commercial club. In a brief address he said: "I am a Republican, as you all know, in politics, but I dare to say, and I don't care who hears it, that I owe much to the Democrats, and I go to Washington to represent, so far as I am able, the whole people of the state, irrespective of party."

Speaking of the Nicaragua canal, he said: "The published statement that I am opposed to the Nicaragua canal is false. I have always been in favor of the canal, have worked for it in the senate and shall continue to do all in my power to bring about its construction."

Cataract Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Cataract is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Cataract Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Cataract. Send for testimonials free.

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White Enamel Iron Bed, 4 feet high, full size.

\$6.25

White Enamel Iron Bed, full size brass rod across head and foot board, also has brass knobs.

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This Art design, White Enamel Iron Bed. A great value for the price.

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Bedroom Suite, hard wood, nicely furnished.

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Folding Bed, full size. Very best cable wire springs, bedding stays in when closed.

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Willow Rocker, large and comfortable.

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Extension Table, solid oak.